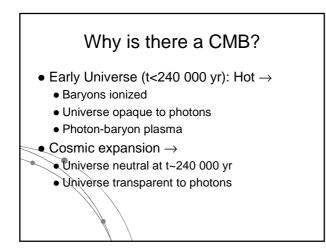


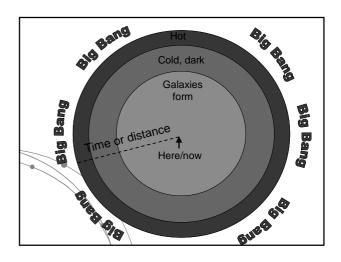
## History of CMBR research II

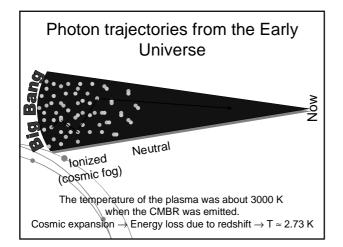
- 1934: First prediction of the existence of the CMBR
  - Tolman: Expanding Universe should be filled by thermal radiation its hot past
- 1948: First prediction of the current CMBR temperature
- Gamow, Alpher & Herman: T<sub>0</sub>≈5 K
- 1965: CMBR discovered by Wilson & Penzias
   Temperature measured to be T<sub>0</sub>≈3.5 K

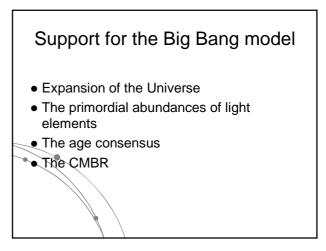
## History of CMBR research III

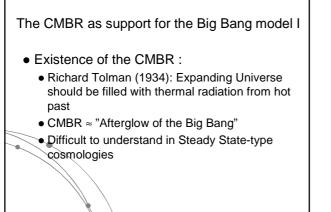
- 1992: COBE satellite
  - Close to perfect BB, with T≈2.73 K
  - Large-scale dipole
  - Small-scale temperature fluctuations (~10<sup>-5</sup> K)
- Late 90s: MAXIMA & BOOMERanG balloons
   Small-scale temperature and polarization variations
- 2003 now: WMAP satellite
- Full-sky maps of polarization and small-scale temperature variations
- 2009 (launched May 14): Planck satellite
  - Superior polarization measurement
  - Planck-scale physics???











The CMBR as support for the Big Bang model II
Temperature of the CMBR:

T<sub>0</sub> = 2.73 K fits Big Bang model
(but note: the a priori prediction was <u>not</u> this precise)

Big bang model predicts: T (z) = (1+z) T<sub>0</sub> Confirmed by measurements up to z ≈ 3
Small-scale temperature anisotropies:

Results in cosmological parameter values consistent with other methods

